## 360

Submission deadline: June $29^{\text {th }} 2020$

## Find all natural numbers $n$ for which

$$
n^{2}\left(n^{2}-1\right)\left(n^{2}-4\right)
$$

is divisible by 360 .
The problem was solved by

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Discussion:
Let $s=n^{2}\left(n^{2}-1\right)\left(n^{2}-4\right)$. For $n=1$ or $n=2$, it is easy to see that 360 divides $s$. Assume that $n>2$.

Clearly,

$$
s=(n-2) \cdot(n-1) \cdot n \cdot n \cdot(n+1) \cdot(n+2)
$$

The prime factorization of 360 is $3^{2} \cdot 2^{3} \cdot 5$.
A group of 5 consecutive natural numbers contains a multiple of 5 , therefore 5 divides $s$.

A group of 3 consecutive natural numbers contains a multiple of 3 , and $s$ is the product of two such groups. Thus, $3^{2}$ divides $s$.

If $n$ is even then $2^{3}$ divides $n \cdot n \cdot(n+2)$.
If $n=2 k+1$, then $(n-1)(n+1)=2^{2} \cdot k \cdot(k+1)$. Hence $2^{3}$ divides $(n-1)(n+1)$.

Thus $5 \cdot 3^{2} \cdot 2^{3}$ divides $s$ for all natural numbers.

Many solutions we received were variations of the solution above. However, Mr. Pankaj Chandra solved the problem by expressing the given term using ${ }^{n+3} C_{6}$ and ${ }^{n+2} C_{5}$.

